

Format: 96 x 96 mm (1/4-DIN) Installation depth: 122 mm

R 2000 - 421 / 422 / 426 ... 4 - Zones "heat-only" Temperature Controller

R 2000 - 621 / 622 / 626 ... 6 - Zones "heat-only" Temperature Controller

R 2000 - 821 / 822 / 826 ... 8 - Zones "heat-only" Temperature Controller

- Heater Current Monitoring (Option)

- CANopen - Interface (Option)

- DeviceNet (Option)

DESCRIPTION AND OPERATING MANUAL

Nr.: R20-82-E 01/2004



Content

Type code	Page 2	
Connection diagram, relais outputs	3	R2000 -421, -621, -821
Connection diagram, bist. voltage control outputs. Com.: +	4	R2000 -422, -622, -822
Connection diagram, bist. voltage control outputs. Com.: -	5	R2000 -426, -626, -826 (Preference)
Display and keyboard	6	
Tendency display	7	
Operating levels, general	8	
Configuration level, general (zone 0)	9	General settings
Heater current monitoring	10	•
Configuration level, zone dependend (zone 14,6,	8) 14	Individual settings for each zone
Softstart function, manual operation	15	-
Parameter level	17	
Operating level	19	
DeviceNet	21	
Technical data	22	
Error displays	23	
Installation instructions	23	

Please read this operating manual carefully before starting up.

Observe the installation and connecting instructions.

Take care to the separat interface- and data transmission descriptions.

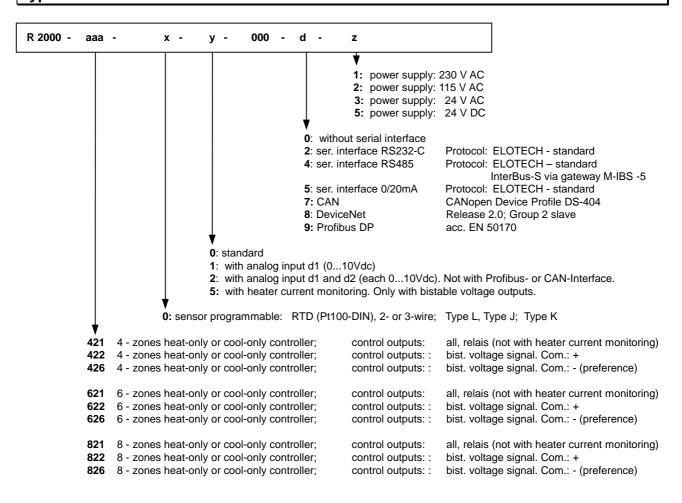
Before operation, the unit must be configurated for its intended purpose under an expert guidance.

(e.g. controller type, sensor type and range, alarm adjustment etc.) **See:** "Configuration Level" and "Zone Configuration".

Attention: The "heating"- or "cooling"-outputs can be active while programming or configuring the controller.

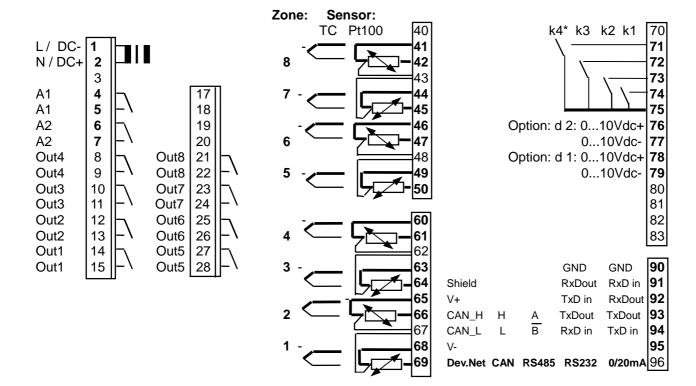
This can cause a damage either to the plant itself or its contents.

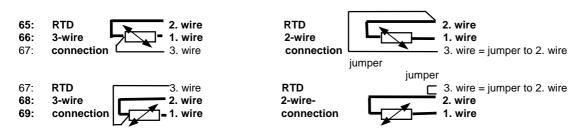
Type code





Connection Diagram: R 2000 - 421 R 2000 - 621 R2000 - 821





Control output OUT 1: Zone 1; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 2: Zone 2; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 3: Zone 3; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 4: Zone 4; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 5: Zone 5; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 6: Zone 6; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 7: Zone 7; control output "heating" or "cooling" control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 8: Zone 8;

Alarm Output A1: Alarm 1 (Temperature monitoring alarm A1 for all zones)
Alarm Output A2: Alarm 2 (Temperature monitoring alarm A2 for all zones)

Input d1: 0 ... 10 VDC, OPTION Zone: d1

Input d2: 0 ... 10 VDC, OPTION Zone: d2 (not with Profibus- or CAN-Interface).

Setpoint Controlling: K1: open = Setpoint 1 (SP1) valid

K1: closed = Setpoint 2 (SP2) valid, for all zones

Adjustment lock (LOC): K2: open = Adjustment lock only via "software code" (see parameter: LOC)
K2: closed. = Adjustment locked according to the choosen "software code".

Setpoint changing: K3: open = individual setpoint adjustment for each zone

K3: closed = if setpoint has been changed in one zone,

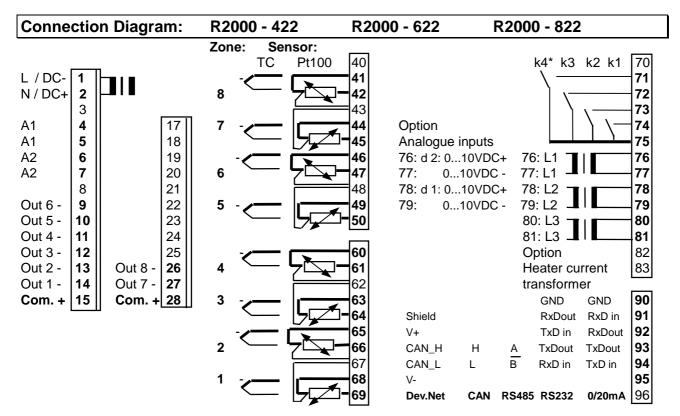
this new setpoint is valid (will be overtaken) for all other zones automatically.

CAN-Interface: K4: open = CAN: "operational". Operation only with CANopen protocoll.

K4: closed = CAN: "operational" always active.

"k4" must be closed, if the instrument is equipped with a CAN-interface but not used.





It is not permitted to connect the grounds of the sensor-inputs and bist. voltage-outputs with each other.

65: 66: 67:	RTD 3-wire connection 2. wire 1. wire 3. wire	2. wire connection jumper 2. wire 3. wire = jumper to 2. wire
67: 68: 69:	3. wire connection 3. wire 1. wire	jumper 3. wire = jumper to 2. wire connection 2-wire 1. wire

Control output OUT 1: Zone 1; control output "heating" or "cooling" control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 2: Zone 2; Control output OUT 3: Zone 3; control output "heating" or "cooling" control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 4: Zone 4; Control output OUT 5: Zone 5; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 6: Zone 6; control output "heating" or "cooling" control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 7: Zone 7; Control output OUT 8: Zone 8; control output "heating" or "cooling"

Alarm Output A1: Alarm 1 (Temperature- or heater current monitoring alarm A1 for all zones) Alarm Output A2: Alarm 2 (Temperature- or heater current monitoring alarm A2 for all zones)

Input d1: 0 ... 10 VDC, OPTION

0 ... 10 VDC, OPTION Input d2: Zone: d2 (not with Profibus-, CANopen and DeviceNet).

Setpoint Controlling: K1: open Setpoint 1 (SP1) valid

K1: closed Setpoint 2 (SP2) valid, for all zones

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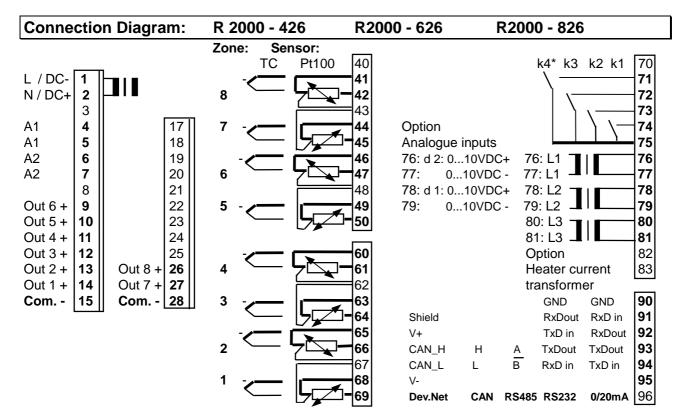
K4: closed = CAN: "operational" always active.

"k4" must be closed, if the instrument is equipped with a CAN-interface but not used.

Heater current monitoring: 1 current - transformer / phase

Single phase operation: terminals 76,77: Three-phase operation: terminals 76 – 81: L1, L2, L3





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65: 66: 67:	3-wire connection 2. wire 3. wire	2. wire 2-wire connection 2. wire 1. wire 3. wire = jumper to 2. wire
		jumper
		jumper
67:	RTD 3. wire	RTD 3. wire = jumper to 2. wire
68:	3-wire 2. wire	2-wire- 2. wire
		connection 1. wire
69:	connection 4. wire	connection 1. wire
		•

Control output OUT 1: Zone 1; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 2: Zone 2; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 3: Zone 3; control output "heating" or "cooling" control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 4: Zone 4; Control output OUT 5: Zone 5; control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 6: Zone 6; control output "heating" or "cooling" control output "heating" or "cooling" Control output OUT 7: Zone 7; Control output OUT 8: Zone 8; control output "heating" or "cooling"

Alarm Output A1: Alarm 1 (Temperature- or heater current monitoring alarm A1 for all zones)
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Input d1: 0 ... 10 VDC, OPTION Zone: d1

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K1: closed = Setpoint 2 (SP2) valid, for all zones

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Setpoint changing:K3: open = individual setpoint adjustment for each zone
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this new setpoint is valid (will be overtaken) for all other zones automatically.

CAN-Interface: K4: open = CAN: "operational". Operation only with CANopen protocoll.

K4: closed = CAN: "operational" always active.

"k4" must be closed, if the instrument is equipped with a CAN-interface but not used.

Heater current monitoring: 1 current - transformer / phase

Single phase operation: terminals 76,77: L1
Three-phase operation: terminals 76 – 81: L1, L2, L3



Display and Keyboard



LED 1: Control output "heating" of the choosen zone active **LED 2:** Out of operation

LED A1: Alarm output A1, indication **LED** ✓: Setpoint ramp of the choosen zone active

LED A2: Alarm output A2, indication LED SP2: Setpoint 2 valid (for all zones)

ZONE

Zone preselection

P

Parameter key (parameter preselection)



Adjustment of chosen parameter (e.g. setpoint) to higher or lower values.



Short operation: single-step adjustment

Longer operation: quick-scanning

When the parameter adjustments have been altered but not entered,

the display will flash bright/dark.

E

Confirmation and storage of the pre-selected values.

The display will show a light chain as a control of this function.

Р

Sets the parameter back to the originally stored value.

Any alterations made to the parameters, that are not confirmed (E-key) within 30 seconds, will not be accepted and the parameter will return to its originally stored value. The actual process value and the setpoint value will be indicated.

F1

Function key, E. g. all zones are displayed cyclic (zone scanning on/off).

Zones, which are not in action (OFF), are not displayed.

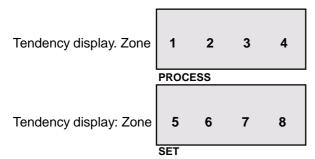
The function of this key can be programmed into the configuration level

of zone 0. See parameter "Co.F1" (page11).



Tendency Display

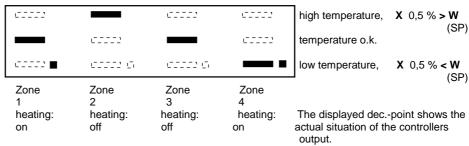
After switching the instrument "on" a temperature tendency display will be shown, to give an overview about the temperatures deviations relating to the setpoints in the individual controller zones.





Display "PROCESS":

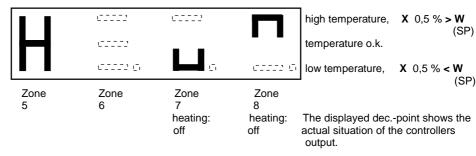
Temperature deviation zones 1...4:



Flashing: Alarm indication in the matching zone

Display "SET":

Temperature deviation zones 5...8:



Zone 5: H = Manual output ratio. Flashing: sensor error (see page 15)

Zone 6: Zone "OFF", not in use (display: off)

Zone 7: Bottom range end has been reached (sensor error)

Zone 8: Top range end has been reached (sensor break, no sensor

connected)

Flashing: Alarm indication in the matching zone



Zone scanning:

Now (according to the configuration of key "F1") the process and setpoint values of the individual zones are shown in a scanning mode.

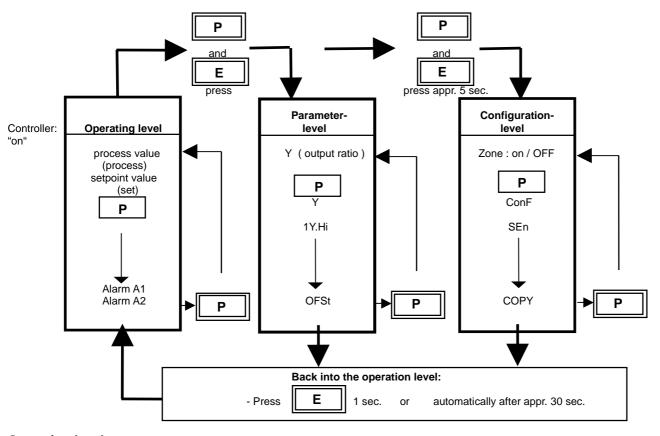
If "F1" is not configurated in this mode (see configuration level), the individual zones have to be selected manual by pressing key "ZONE".



Operating Levels

The operation of the controller is divided into 3 levels.

After switching on the unit, it will be automatically in the operating level.



Operating level (for each zone separatly):

Process- and Setpoint value will be displayed simultaneously. Within the operating level the setpoint can be adjusted by pressing the " - keys.

Every adjustment has to be quit by pressing the "E" - key.

All parameters within the operating level (including the alarm values) can, in succession, be displayed by pressing the "P"-key and adjusted by pressing the "——"-keys. Quit by pressing the "E"-key.

Parameter level (for each zone separatly):

Within the parameter level the values are adjusted to suit each individual process.

This level is reached by simultaneously pressing the "P" - and "E" -keys.

The display of each single parameter within the parameter level and their adjustment,

are made in the same fashion as within the operating level.

After either pressing the "E" - key for approx. 1 second, or waiting for a period of approx. 30 seconds,

the unit will automatically return to the operating level (display of process value and setpoint).

Configuration level: This primary informations have to be entered before taking the instrument into operation.

The configuration level is reached by simultaneously pressing the "P" - and "E" - keys for a period of approx. 5 seconds.

First choose the configuration level in zone 0. Here general settings have to be made.

This has to be programmed at first:

- Only TC- or RTD-connection for all zones? Or: Mixed connection ?
- Alarm configuration (valid for all zones) Function of key "F1"
- Software key Serial interface informations

Than choose the configuration level of each individual controller zone.

This has to be programmed at second:

- Controller type (for each zone)
- Input type (sensor type), sensor range (for each zone)
- Min. and max. setpoint range (for each zone)

The display of each single parameter within the configuration level and their adjustment, made in the same fashion as within the operating level.

There is also a copy function available. So it is possible, to copy the programmed parameters of one zone to other zones.

After either pressing the "E" - key for approx. 1 second, or waiting for a period of approx. 30 seconds,

the unit will automatically return to the operating level (display of process value and setpoint).

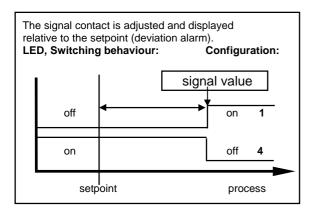


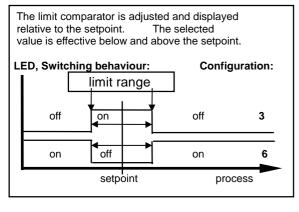
-Heater current monitoring

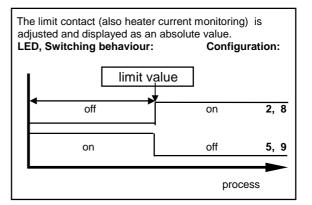
Configuration Level, general settings

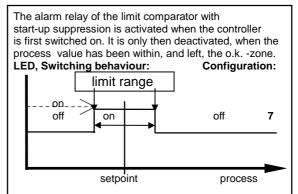
(select zone 0 and press "P" - and "E" - key appr. 5 sec.)

Display "Proces	Parameter s"	Disp "Set"	•		
P - tc	Sensor mix	- 2 4 6 8,6,4	8,6,4 x x x x	all zones : prepared for thermocouple Zones 1 - 2 : RTD - connection; other Zones 1 - 4 : RTD - connection; other Zones 1 - 6 : RTD - connection; other all zones : prepared for RTD - connect	zones: Thermocouple connection zones: Thermocouple connection zones: Thermocouple connection
Co.A1	Alarm 1-Configuration (switches relay A1)			The selected configuration is effective The individual temperature alarms A1 to the main, common contact A1. If a control zone indicates a fault (sent the alarm output A1 is generally switch	of all zones are connected sor short circuit / break),
		OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		alarm OFF, no alarm signalisation (ex signal contact, setpoint depentend: limit contact, process value depentend limit comparator: signal contact: limit contact: limit comparator: limit comp. with start-up suppression: heater current monitoring; limit cor heater current monitoring; limit cor	off-on d: off-on off-on-off on-off on-off on-off-on off-on-off otact: off-on; see page 10









Please note:

In case of sensor error the alarms will react in the same way as range override.

The alarm contacts therefore do not offer protection against all types of plant breakdown.

With this in mind, we recommend the use of a second, independent monitoring unit.

Care should be used to ensure, that the setpoints of the alarm contacts are programmed within the selected measuring range. If a setpoint ramp has been programmed, the alarms that are relative to the setpoint (signal contact, limit comparator) follow the setpoint up the ramp.

Display Parameter Display



"Process" "Set"

rE.A1	Relay A1 switching behaviour	dir	on: off:	LED A1 "on". LED A1 "off".	Relay A1 "activated" Relay A1 "not active"
		inv	on: off:	LED A1 "on". LED A1 "off".	Relay A1 "not active" Relay A1 "activated"
Co.A2	Alarm 2-Configuration (switches relay A2)	see Co.A1 (alarm	1 - configu	ıration)	
rE.A2	Relay A2 switching behaviour	dir	on: off:	LED A2 "on". LED A2 "off".	Relay A2 "activated" Relay A2 "not active"
		inv	on: off:	LED A2 "on". LED A2 "off".	Relay A2 "not active" Relay A2 "activated"

Option: Heater current monitoring

The following parameters will only be displayed if the heater current monitoring system is activated as descriped below:

Heater current monitoring via relay A1: Program parameter Co.A1 to number 8 or 9
Heater current monitoring via relay A2: Program parameter Co.A2 to number 8 or 9

The heater current to be monitored, has to be programed as an absolute value into the operating

level for both relays A1 and A2.

See: Operating level, Parameter "A1" or "A2".

Please note if the supply voltage is low the heater current is higher than the monitoring value otherwise the alarm signal will be activated.

If the heater current value falls below the monitoring value, an alarm signal (the relay switches) will be activated.

With the help of the parameter "dL.Ax" it is possible to program a delay time.

If you do so, it is virtually impossible to get an unauthorized alarm signal.

When switching the power-on, the alarm signalisation will be suppressed until the heating current values for all zones has been scanned and verified.

The monitoring function and all possible adjustments are valid for all connected heating zones.

Display PROCESS"	Parameter- description	Parameter value Display "SET"	
dL.A1	delay time, relay A1 If alarm relay A1 is selected for the heater current monitoring.	5 steps adjustable (in sec.) OFF= no delay time	Adjustment and display in seconds. The values are dependent on the current detection interval time and the number of active controller zones.
dL.A2	delay time, relay A2 If alarm relay A2 is selected for the heater current monitoring.	5 steps adjustable (in sec.) OFF= no delay time	Adjustment and display in seconds. The values are dependent on the current detection interval time and the number of active controller zones.



Display PROCESS"	Parameter- description	Parameter value Display "SET"	
Cu.CY	Current detection intervall	1 60 sec.	Time between the current measuring of two zones following each other.
C x.x	Min. leakage current value and leakage current display with continous current display.	OFF; 0,099,9 A	Adjustment of the allowed min. leakage current value. The heater current will be monitored to detect circuits with an eventual leakage current (e.g. SSR damage).
	SSR's (especially if they are comb Heaters also have small leakage of		normally have small leakage currents.
	The actual leakage current will be on Via display "SET" the min. allowed Currents below this value will be ignored.	leakage current value can b	
	If a permanent current is detected in the display "PROCESS" will show to The zone with a measured perman key and watching all temperature in Display indication in this case: "Co But there is no special indication vi	he error signalisation "Er.Ću ent current can be located b ndications. mparable with"temperature	". y pressing the zone too high."
	Display: C 0.2	E	r. Cu

1.0	
SET	SET
Leakage current: 0,2A Min. leakage current value: 1,0A	Permanent current detected in one zone. Error signalisation: flashing

Display "Process	Parameter "	Display "Set"	
Co.F1	Select funktion of key "F1"	OFF SCAn OPt	No function Automatically zone-scanning "on"/ "off". Selftuning algorithm can be activated by pressing key "F1" in the matching zone. "F1" appr. 2sec.: stops selftuning.
		Y LEd.t	Shows the actual percentage output ratio, while pressing "F1". Lamp (LED) test, while pressing "F1".
	Adherine and In als	055	and the state of the de Assessments

LOC Adjustment lock	OFF P C n.SP1 ALL	no adjustment lock (ex works) parameter and configuration levels locked all parameters apart from SP1 locked (not SP1) all parameters locked All parameters that have been locked with "LOC" can be selected and read, but not altered. This adjustment cannot be changed if the external contact K2 is closed.
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Zones offset preselection OFF (Continuous numbering of 1 - 91 the controller zones)	No offset preselection. Zones indication: 1-4 Zones will be numbered with preselected offset value. For example (4zones): Zo.OF = 1 -> Zone indication: 2-5 Zo.OF = 4 -> Zone indication: 5-8
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Display Parameter-"PARAMETER" description Parameter value Display "SET"

The following parameters are only valid, if the unit is equipped with a serial interface. RS232, RS485, 0/20mA.

Prot Protocol preselection	ELO	ELOTECH- standard protocol
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IbS Gateway-protocol valid for InterBus-S

Only with RS 485-interface (Code-No.: 4).

Adr Unit adress 1 255 (ex works: 1)

The computer adresses the unit/controller at this adress.

Each unit has ist own adress. With RS-485 it is possible to adress 32 units.

For Data format 7E1 7 data, even, 1 stopbit

7 data, odd, 1 stopbit 701 7E2 7 data, even, 2 stopbit 702 7 data, odd, 2 stopbit 7 data, none, 2 stopbit 7n2 8 data, even, 8E1 1 stopbit 801 8 data, odd, 1 stopbit

8n1 8 data, none, 1 stopbit InterBus-S

8n2 8 data, none, 2 stopbit

bAud Baud rate OFF; 0,3 ... 9,6 kBaud

The baud rate denotes the transmission rate at which one bit is transmitted.

InterBus-S = 9,6 kBaud

Details: See: - sep. interface description: ELOTECH – standard-protocol

- sep. interface description: Gateway: M-IBS-5

The following parameters are only valid, if the unit is equipped with a CAN interface.

Adr Unit adress 1 127 (ex works: 1)

bAud Baud rate 10k, 20k, 50k, 100k, 125k, 250k, 500k, 1MBaud (ex works: 20)

CANopen-specification: CANopen Master: no

CANopen Slave: yes Extended Boot-up: no Minimum Boot-up: yes

COB ID Distribution: yes; default via SDO
Node ID Distribution: no; via device keyboard
No. of POD's: 0RX, 1TX

No. of POD's:

PDO Modes:
Variable PDO mapping:
Emergency message:

No. of POD's:
ORX, 1TX
async.
on
oversity of the pooling o

Life guarding: yes
No. of SDO's: 1RX, 1TX
Device Profile: CiA DS-404

Details: See: CANopen Device Profile CiA DS-404 and ELOTECH Object Dictionary



Display Parameter-"PARAMETER" description Parameter value Display "SET"

The following parameters are only valid, if the unit is equipped with a **DeviceNet**- interface. StAt DeviceNet - Status oFLn No interface connection or bus not activ. offline. Read-only Parameter StbY standby. - Duplicate MAC-ID-test ready, but no communication between slave and master. Configuration failure. onLn online. Normal operation. The controller/slave is communicating with the master. Error indication: see "DeviceNet" Err.1 Err.2 Err.3 rEMO Remote OFF Manual operation. The controller will be operated only via the DeviceNet-Interface. on No manual operation possible.

MAC-ID of the controller

The Baudrate has to be adjusted via the

keyboard of the controller.

125 kBaud

250 kBaud

500 kBaud

Adr

bAud

Details:

20xx
EL.xx Control number No function. End of configuration level

See: sep. description: DeviceNet

0 63

125 250

500

Unit adress

Baud rate



Configuration Level			individual selectable for zones 1 8, d1, d2 (select zone n and press "P" - and "E" - key appr. 5 sec.)	
Display "Proces		Display "Set"		
Zone	Zone on / off	OFF on	measuring- or controller zone "off" measuring- or controller zone "on"	
ConF	Controller configuration	2P h 2P c 2Pnc diSP	2-point-controller "heating-off" 2point-controller "cooling-off" 2point-controller "cooling-off" with no *) non-linear cooling: Cooling action can be pre-s non-linear cooling response Zone works as an indicator, no contro	elected with either linear or curve (e.g. for vapour cooling).
SEn	Sensor selection	P1 °C P1 °F	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0,0100,0 °C 3 212 °F

P1 °F	Pt 100,	-58 212	°F
P2 °C	Pt 100,	-90,0205,0	°C
P2 °F	Pt 100,	-130 401	°F
P4 °C	Pt 100,	0 400	°C (ex works)
P4 °F	Pt 100,	32 752	°F
P8° C	Pt 100,	0 800	°C
P8 °F	Pt 100,	321472	°F
or, if selected as a thermocou	ple-input zon	e (depending o	n parameter "P - tc'

c" in Zone 0, see page 9):

L4 °C	T/C Fe-CuNi (L),	0 400	°C
L4 °F	T/C Fe-CuNi (L),	32 752	°F
L8 °C	T/C Fe-CuNi (L),	0 800	°C
L8 °F	T/C Fe-CuNi (L),	32 1472	°F
J8 °C	T/C Fe-CuNi (J),	0 800	°C
J8 °F	T/C Fe-CuNi (J),	32 1472	°F
n1 °C	T/C NiCr-Ni (K),	0 1200	°C
n1 °F	T/C NiCr-Ni (K),	32 2192	°F
S1 °C	T/C Pt10Rh-Pt (S),	0 1600	°C
S1 °F	T/C Pt10Rh-Pt (S),	32 2912	°F

If the Sensor selection have been changed, the following parameters will be set as follows and need to be re-adjusted:

Setpoint 1, setpoint 2: SP.Lo Process value offset:

Lower setpoint limitation: Bottom range end; Higher setpoint limitation: Top range end;

Setpoint-ramp values: OFF; Alarm values: OFF;

OPTION:	The following parameters are only valid for zones d1 and d2 (Input: 010 Vdc). It is to configurate the display range of the 010 Vdc inputs. The difference between the bottom end of the display range and the top end must amount to a minimum of 100 units and a maximum of 2000 units. By adjustment of one of the above parameters, the other in this case will automatically follow.		
rA.dP	decimal points	0; 1; 2	(ex works: 1)
rA.Hi	display range top end	rA.Lo 9999	(ex works: 100,0)
rA.Lo	display range bottom end	-1999 rA.Hi	(ex works: 0,0)
unit	selectable physical. unit	shown in the display "set"	(e.g.: °C, °F, bar, volt)

SP.Hi higher setpoint limitation programming range: SP.Lo ... top range (ex works: 400)

SP.Lo lower setpoint limitation programming range: bottom range ... SP.Hi (ex works: 0)

COPY Copy function to 1 \dots to xCopy all parameter values of the actual zone to the selected zone x.

Select the target zone (1,2 or "to A" (to all) with the "up/down" - keys and press "E" (enter). After this, the datas would be copied. Note: It is only possible to copy the configuration, if the sensor configuration (Parameter: P - tc) in the target-zone is the same as in the actual zone. This means, that it is not possible, to copy configurations of

e.g. RTD-input zones to thermocouple-input zones.



Softstart-function

TAKE CARE:

If you take the softstart-function, make sure that the instrument is equipped with bistable voltage (logic) outputs. This function is not allowed for instruments with relay-outputs (in this case set So.St = OFF). Otherwise the relais will switch too fast.

Softstart (general function):

During the softstart the controllers' heating output response is limited to a pre-selected ratio, in order to achieve a slow baking out of high performance heat cartridges.

Simultaneously the output clock frequency is quadrupled. Once the process value reaches the softstart setpoint, it remains stable at this value for a pre-selcted hold-duration time.

At the end of this period the process value rises to the valid setpoint.

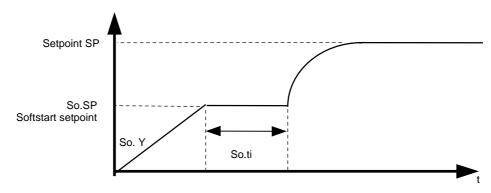
This results in a slower, more regular heating period.

For this purpose the bistable voltage output must be taken, that actuates SSR relays. If the softstart is active, the controllers' autotune function can't operated (Er.OP). If a setpoint-ramp has been programmed, the softstart has priority, and the ramp will only become active after the softstart has been completed.

The softstart only works,

- if the parameter $\,$ _1 P" (prop. band, xp) is programmed > 0,1%.
- if the actual process value is lower than So.SP 5% of the selected measuring range.

It is possible, to select this function for each zone individally.



So.St Softstart-function C	OFF:	Softstart not active	(ex works)
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Next parameter So.Y, So.SP, So.ti are not shown.

On: Softstart in action.

The softstart function always runs, if the controller is switched on and / or if the actual temperature is below the softstart setpoint So.SP minus 5%

of the range (e.g. range: 400^C -> 5%= 20°C).

So. Y	Softstart output ratio	10 100%

So.SP Softstart setpoint range: SP.Lo SP.Hi

So.ti Softstart duration time OFF; 0,1 ... 10,0 min.



Display "PARAMETER"

Parameter

Display "SET"

Hand manual output ratio

OFF, Auto, Man

Setting: OFF

Function not active

Setting: Auto

In event of sensor break the controller automatically maintains the last valid output ratio as the actuating signal.

(ex works: OFF)

An "H" is then displayed as the first digit in the setpoint display, followed by the valid output ratio. This ratio can be manually altered in steps of 1% (up/down-keys; enter).

Under the following circumstances, the output ratio willbe 0%:

- if the output ratio at time of the sensor break was 100%.
- if the controller is working along a setpoint-ramp.
- if the control deviation was more than 0,25% of the total range at the time of sensor break.
- if th prop. band (P; xp) = 0.
- if the soft start was active at the time of the sensor break.

A few seconds after the sensor break has been rectified, the controller returns to automatic operation and calculates the required output ratio.

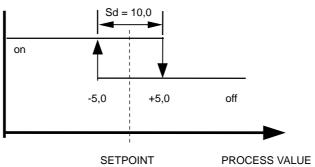
An additional signal can be issued in the event of sensor break, if the alarm contacts are programmed accordingly.

Setting: Man

The controller now operates only as an actuator. Within the operation level, an output ratio can be entered instead of the setpoint. An "H" is then displayed as the first digit in the setpoint display, followed by the output ratio. There is no controlling action.



Parameter Level			individual selectable for zones 1 8, d1, d2 (select zone n and press "P" - and "E" - key appr. 1 sec.)	
Display "Process	Parameter s"	Display "Set"		
Y	valid output ratio	-100100 %	The output ratio shows the momentary calculated ratio. It cannot be altered. The display is in percent of the installed performance capability for heating or cooling. Output ratio for cooling is shown as a negative value.	
1Y.Hi	output ratio limit	0100 %	(ex works: 100) Limitation of the output ratio is only necessary when: the heating or cooling energy supply is grossly overdimensioned compared to the power required, or to turn off a control output (setting = 0%). under normal circumstances no limitation is needed (setting = 0%). the limitation becomes effective, when the controllers' calculated output ratio is greater than the maximum permissible (limited) ratio. Warning! The output ratio limitation does not work during autotune.	
1 P	Xp prop. band (P)	OFF; 0,1100,0 %	(ex works: 3,0) If " 1 P " = OFF (control action: on-off, without feedback) next parameter: " 1 sd ".	
1 d	Tv rate (D)	OFF; 1200 secs	(ex works: 30)	
1 J	Tn reset (I)	OFF; 11000 secs	Normally the controller works using PD/I control action. This means, controlling without deviation and with practically no overshoot during start-up. The control action can be altered in its structure by making the following adjustments to the parameters: a. no control action, on-off (setting P = OFF) b. P-action (setting D and I = 0) c. PD-action (setting I = 0) d. PI-action (setting D = 0) e. PD/I modified PID-action	
1 CY	Cycle time	0,5240,0 secs	(ex works: 10,0) The switching frequency of the actuator can be determined by adjusting the cycle time. This is the total time needed for the controller to switch on and off once. a) Relay outputs: cycle time > 10 secs b) Bistable voltage outputs: cycle time 0,510 secs	
1 Sd	Control sensitivity	OFF; 0,1	80,0°C (ex works: 0,1) Only if: 1 P = Xp = OFF (On-off action, without feedback)	
			Sd = 10,0	





Display "Process"	Parameter	Display "Set"	
OPt	self tuning (autotune)	OFF on	self tuning out of action self tuning on request (one time)

The tuning algorithm determines the characteristic values within the controlled process, and calculates the valid feedback parameters (P,D,I) and the cycle time ($C = 0.3 \times D$) of a PD/I-controller for a wide section of the range.

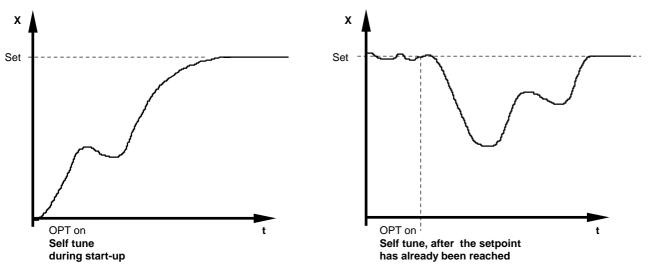
The self tuning activates during start-up shortly before the setpoint is reached. The setpoint must amount to the least 5% of the total range.

If activated after the setpoint has already been reached, the temperature will first drop by approx. 5% of the total range, in order to detect the exact amplification of the process.

The tuning algorithm can be activated at any time by selecting the OPT=on and pressing the "E"-key.

Zone display: During self tuning "OPt" is shown in the set-display, alternating with the setpoint value. Tendency display: "O" is shown.

After having calculated the correct feedback parameters, the controller will lead the process value to the setpoint.



Self-tuning can be stopped by selecting the option OPT = OFF and pressing the "E" - key.

OFSt process value offset -999 ... OFF ... 1000 Units (ex works: OFF) -99,9 ... OFF ... 100,0

This parameter serves to correct the input signal, e.g. for:

- the correction of a gradient between the measuring point and the sensor tip,
- the line resistance balancing of 2-line RTD (Pt100) sensors and
- correction of the control devition when using P- or PD-action.

If for example the offset value is set to +5°C, then the real temperature measured by the sensor (when process is balanced) is 5°C less than the setpoint and the displayed process value.



Operating Level

(individual selectable for zones 1 ... 8)

Display "Process"

Parameter

Display "Set"

Process

(process)

and

Setpoint 1 SP.Le

SP.Lo...SP.Hi (ex works: 0)

(set)

are displayed simultaneously (basic setting) in the selected zone.

SP2 Setpoint 2

OFF; SP.Lo SP.Hi

(ex works: OFF)

The 2. setpoint is active when the external contact K1 is closed.

The corresponding LED "SP2" lights up on the faceplate, and the second setpoint is shown in the setpoint-display. In order to change the value the parameter SP2 has to be selected.

SP 🗸

rising ramp

OFF; 0,1...100,0

°C/min. or °F/min.

(ex works: OFF)

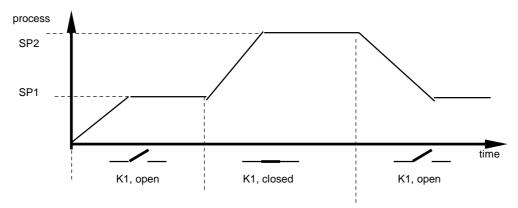
SP \ falling ramp

OFF; 0,1...100,0

°C/min. or °F/min.

(ex works: OFF)

A programmed ramp is always activated when the setpoint is altered or when the mains supply is switched on. The ramp constructs itself out of the momentary process value and the pre-selected setpoint. If the ramp is active, the corresponding LED lights up on the faceplate. The ramp can be activated for both setpoint1 and setpoint2. By programming the second setpoint accordingly a setpoint profile can be oblained (please see example below).



A1 Alarm value 1, switching point

(switches relay A1)

Temparature monitoring: alarm value adjustment

Signal contact, limit comparator, limit contact

OFF; -999... 1000 °C/°F (ex works: OFF)

OFF; -99,9... 100,0 °C/°F

OFF; 0... 1000 °C/°F

or

Heater current monitoring: alarm value adjustment

Limit contact

OFF: 0,0 ...99,9 A (ex works: OFF)

A2 Alarm value 2, switching point

(switches relay A2)

Temparature monitoring:

Signal contact, limit comparator, limit contact

OFF; -999... 1000 °C/°F (ex works: OFF)

OFF; -99,9... 100,0 °C/°F OFF; 0... 1000 °C/°F

or

Heater current monitoring: alarm value adjustment

Limit contact

OFF: 0,0 ...99,9 A (ex works: OFF)

The range of adjustment is dependant on the sensor, the connected current transformers and the alarm configuration. Both have to be set in the configuration level.

Cur Heater current value

Indication of the actaul heater current.



DISPLAY		(OPTION: only inputs zone d1 and d2 , individual display)		
Analogue value	Display "Zone"	Indication		
input d1	d1	Display 9:	010 Vdc, corresp. the progr. range	(ex works: 0100)
input d2	d2	Display 10:	010 Vdc, corresp. the progr. range	(ex works: 0100)



DeviceNet

Disclaimer of liability

We have checked the contents of the document for conformity with the hardware and software described. Nevertheless, we are unable to preclude the possibility of deviations so that we are unable to assume warranty for full compliance. The information given in the publication is, however, reviewed regularly. Necessary amendments are incorporated in the following editions. We would be pleased to receive any improvement proposals which you may have.

This document may not be passed on nor duplicated, nor may its contents be used or disclosed unless expressly permitted.

Note: Only in DeviceNet-technologie trained personnel following the safety regulations may do the DeviceNet-connections.

It is essential, that one has well experience in installing a DeviceNet device.

ATTENTION!

The controller unit doesn't have a DeviceNet-specific connector.

Therefore, the connections have to be made very carefully and according to the following:

Devi	ceNet:	ELOTECH-controller R2000:		
Open Connector Pinout			Terminal pinout	
1	V	95	no internal connection	
2	CAN_L	94		
3	Shield / Drain	91		
4	CAN_H	93		
5	V +	92	no internal connection	

The DeviceNet power V- / V+ is not used by the controller.

The controller needs a separate power voltage. See terminals: 1 and 2.

The controller works as a group2-slave.

The communication takes place by the, DeviceNet defined, "predefined master/slave connection set".

Take attention to the following documents:

- 1. ODVA DeviceNet Specification Rel. 2.0
- 2. DeviceNet specifications: ELOTECH multichannel controller series R2xxx
- 3. EDS (electronic data sheet). See attached disk.

Warnings / error displays:

If internal errors occure on the DeviceNet-bus, the parameter "StAt" will display a error number.

The error number flashes with "oFLn, StbY, onLn, Err.1, Err.2 or Err.3".

Always the at last detected error will be displayed.

This warning can be switched off by pressing the key "E".

Parameter "StAt": Display Err.1 - Internal, redressal error did occur.

- One or more I/O-connections are in a time-out-state.

Err.2 - A not redressal error occured.

- Duplicate MAC-ID identified or bus-off.

- Communication error.

Depending of the kind of the error, the controller will do a restart of the DNS-communication after appr. 20 sec..

Err.3 Communication error

Meaning: Error number: 1 Dupl. MAC-ID detected.



Technical Data

Input RTD, Pt 100 (DIN): 2 - or 3 - wire connection possible.

Built-in protection against sensor breakage and short circuit. Max. permissible line resistance by 3-wire connection: 80 Ohms

Sensor current: ≤ 1 mA <u><</u> 0,2 % Calibration accuracy: ≤ 0,2 % Linear error:

Influence of the ambient temperature: \leq 0,01 % / K

Input Thermocouple: Built-in internal compensation point and protection against sensor breakage

and incorrect polarity.

Re-calibration not required for a line resistance of up to 50 Ohms.

Calibration accuracy: < 0,25%</p>

Analog inputs (Option): 0 ... 10 V DC (Display range programmable)

Setpoint selection: Ext. potential-free contact, switching voltage appr. 24 V DC, max. 1 mA.

Selection between SP1 and SP2 valid for all zones.

Control outputs OUT 1 ... OUT 8: Bist. voltage signal, 0/18 V DC, max. 10 mA, short-circuit proof

Relay, max. 250 V AC, max. 3 A (cos-phi = 1) Alarm outputs A1 and A2:

7-Segment-Display: Process: 10 mm red, Set: 10 mm red

Data protection: **EAROM**

CE - Mark: EMC tested according to 89 / 336 / EEC

EN 50081-2, EN 50082-2

Power supply: 115 / 230 / 24 V AC: ± 10%, 48...62 Hz; appr. 10VA

24 V DC: +/-25%

Connections: Screw terminals, Protection mode IP 20 (DIN 40050), Insulation class C

0...50 °C / 32...122 °F Permissible operating conditions: Operating temperature:

Storage temperature: -30...70 °C / -22...158 °F

KWF DIN 40040; Climate class:

equivalent to annual average max. 75 % rel. humidity, no condensation

Casing: Format: 96 x 96 mm (DIN 43700), installation depth 122 mm

92 +0,5 mm x 92 +0,5 mm Panel cutout:

Material: Noryl, self-extinguishing, non-drip, UL 94-V1

Protection mode: IP 20 (DIN 40050), IP 50 front side

Weight: app. 800 g

Heater current monitoring:

Current transformer 1:1000: Passive through current transformer with snap-in attachment for DIN rail (Type M2000)

mounting (EN 50022, 35mm).

Connections to the controller: 2 x 6,3mm flat connectors.

Heater current detection and

indication range: 0...max. 60,0A. Single-phase operation.

0...max. 99,9 A. Three-phase operation.

The sum of the current of all three phases of one controller zone will be monitored.

Variations of the power supply voltage have to be considered when the

the alarm values are programmed.

Current detection interval time programmable (1...60 sec.).

This is the time between the measuring of two successive controller zones.

It depends upon the current detection interval time and the number of the Alarm delay time programmable.

connected temperature zones (min. 8 sec.).

Subject to technical improvments!



Error displays

Display	Cause	Possible r emedy
SP.Lo SP.Hi	Lower setpoint limit has been reached Upper setpoint limit has been reached	Reduce limit, if need be Increase limit, if need be
LOC	Parameter has been locked	Unlock, if need be
Er.Hi Er.Lo	Top range end has been exceeded, sensor default. Bottom range end has been exceeded, sensor defauld.	Check sensor and cable Check sensor and cable
Er.OP	Self tuning error	Extinguish error signal by pressing the "E"-key. Check the self tuning conditions and restart.
Er.SY	System error	Extinguish error signal by pressing the "E"-key. Check all parameters. If the error signal continues please send the controller for examination.
Er.Cu	Short circuit current in one or more loads. Look at ssr's with short circuit. The zone or the zones were a permanent current is mean temperatur indications of all zones. The tempearture should	
Co.A1 Co.A2	Alarmconfiguration of alarm A1: OFF Alarmconfiguration of alarm A2: OFF	No alarm signal available No alarm signal available
-no- -PA-	Parameter not available in this zone.	
rEMo	Remote: The controller is in remote action. No manual operation possible.	Switch parameter "rEMo" over to "OFF".

Installation Instructions

Make certain that the devices described here are used only for the intended purpose.

They are intended for installation in control panels.

The controller must be installed so that it is protected against impermissible humidity and severe contamination.

In addition, make sure that the permitted ambient temperature is not exceeded.

The electrical connections must be made according to the relevant locally applicable regulations.

If using a thermocouple sensor, the compensation cables must be laid directly to the controller terminals.

Transducers must be connected only in compliance with the programmed range.

Transducer cables and signal lines (e.g. logic or linear voltage outputs) must be shielded and laid physically

separated from control lines and mains voltage supply cables (power cables).

Spatial separation between controller and inductive loads is recommneded.

Interference from contactor coils must be suppressed by connecting adapted RC-combinations parallel to the coils.

Control circuits (e.g. for contactors) should not be connected to the mains power supply terminals of the controller.

IMPORTANT:

Before operation, the unit must be configurated for its intended purpose

(e.g. controller type, sensor type and range, alarm adjustment etc.)

Please see "Configuration Level".

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