R 2200 - E26 ...

16 - Zones - "Heat-only"-Temperature-Controller

CANopen - or DeviceNet - interface.

Heater-current monitoring (option).



B = 125mm H = 105mm D = 125mm

Nr.: R22-E26-CA-E 10/2002



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Please read this operating manual before starting up carefully. Observe the installation and connecting instructions.

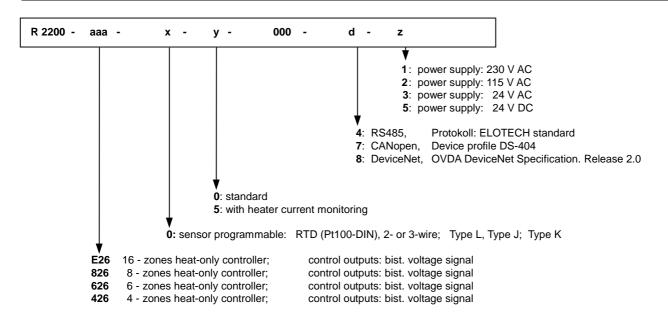
Disclaimer of liability

We have checked the contents of the document for conformity with the hardware and software described. Nevertheless, we are unable to preclude the possibility of deviations so that we are unable to assume warranty for full compliance. The information given in the publication is, however, reviewed regularly. Necessary amendments are incorporated in the following editions. We would be pleased to receive any improvement proposals which you may have. This document may not be passed on nor duplicated, nor may its contents be used or disclosed unless expressly permitted. Violations of this clause will necessarily lead to compensation in damages. All rights reserved, in particular rights of granting of patents or registration of utility-model patents.

Note: Only trained personnel following the safety regulations may commission the hereby discribed instruments.

It is essential, that one has well experience in installing a CANopen- or DeviceNetdevice.

Type code







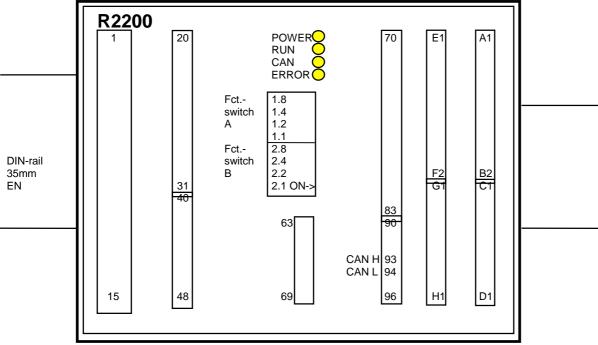
R 2200-E26

16 – zones temperature controller DIN-rail mounting. 35mm DIN-EN 50022

- * With CANopen- or DeviceNet-interface
- * Contents 16 independent "heat-only" controllers (2-Point)
- * Temperature sensors programmable for each zone individually. Fe-CuNi, Type J, NiCr-Ni; Pt100 / RTD (2- or 3-wire).
- * Control action programmable: P-, PD-, PI- or PD/I (=PIDmod.).
 PD/I: This means, controlling without deviation and with practically no overshoot during start-up.
- * With autotune algorithm to adjust the PID Parameters.
- * Sytem monitoring and error codes signalisation via serial interface.
- * With heater current monitoring (option).
- 2 alarm relais (collectors).
 Alarm values programmable.



Controller unit, CANopen connection



Controller connections: see next page

LED Power: Power on

LED Run: CPU-clock, CPU = activ
LED CAN: Interface-clock, interface = activ

LED Error: flashes, if interface error detected (code:0)

Function - switch A: 1.8 no function

1.4	1.2	1.1	Baudrate:
off	off	off	10 kBaud
off	off	on	20 kBaud
off	on	off	50 kBaud
off	on	on	100 kBaud
on	off	off	125 kBaud
on	off	on	250 kBaud
on	on	off	500 kBaud
on	on	on	1000 kBaud

Function - switch B:

2.8	2.4	2.2	2.1	Unit adre	SS:
off	off	off	off	adress:	1
off	off	off	on	adress:	2
off	off	on	off	adress:	3
off	off	on	on	adress:	4
off	on	off	off	adress:	5
on	on	on	off	adress:	15
on	on	on	on	adress:	16

CANopen – Spezification: CANopen Master:

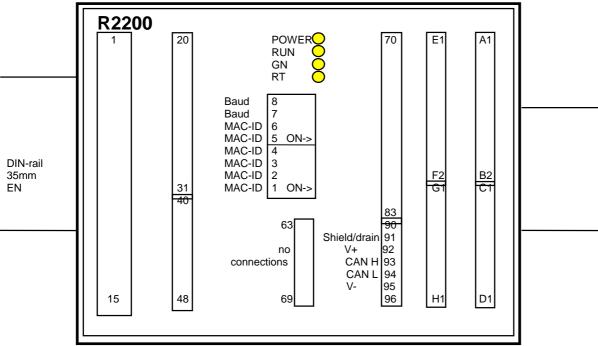
CANopen slave: Y
Extended Boot-up: N
Minimum Boot-up: Y

COB ID Distribution: Y (defauld, via SDO)
Node ID Distribution: N (via device keyboard)

No of PDOs: 0RX, 1TX
PDO Modes: async
Variable PDO mapping: N
Emergency Message: Y
Life guarding: Y

No. of SDOs: 1RX, 1TX Device Profile: CiA DS-404





Controller connections: see next page

LED Power: Power on

LED Run: Clock, CPU = activ

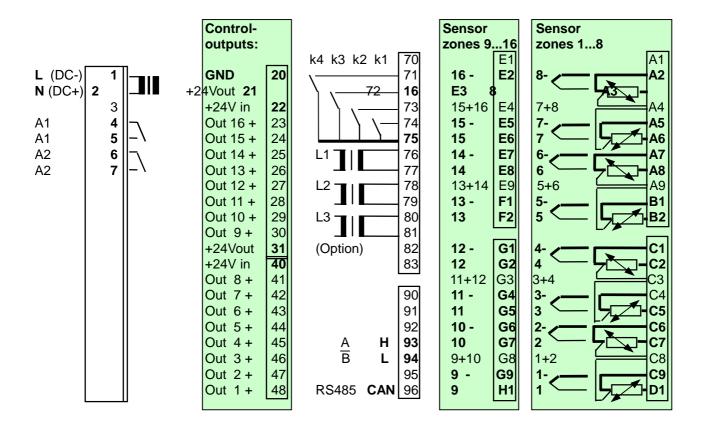
On = system error

LED GN: Modul- and network LED LED RT: Modul- and network LED

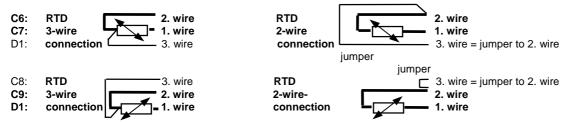
DeviceNet- node number (Instrument adress) $1=2^0$ low bit. on = activ $6=2^5$ high bit. on = activ MAC-ID:

Baud: Adjustment of the baud rate.

See separat DeviceNet-description.



It is not permitted to connect the grounds of the sensor-inputs and bist. voltage-outputs with each other.



Control output OUT 1: Zone 1; 2-point-controller

10

Control output OUT 16: Zone 16; 2-point-controller

Alarm Output A1: Alarm 1 (Temperature alarm A1 for zones 1...16)
Alarm Output A2: Alarm 2 (Temperature alarm A2 for zones 1...16)

Setpoint Controlling: K1: open = Setpoint 1 (SP1) valid

K1: closed = Setpoint 2 (SP2) valid, for all zones

CAN-Interface: K4: open = CAN: "operational". Operation only with CANopen protocoll.

K4: closed = CAN: "operational" always active.

"k4" must be closed, if the instrument is equipped with a CAN-interface but not used.

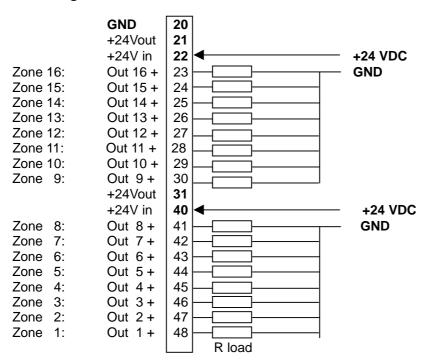
Heater current monitoring: 1 current - transformer / phase

Single phase operation: terminals 76,77: L1 Three-phase operation: terminals 76 – 81: L1, L2, L3

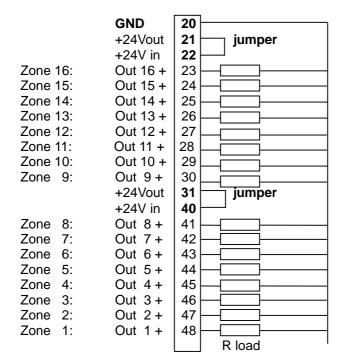


Connection diagram: controller outputs

1. With external voltage 24 VDC:



2. With internal voltage 24 VDC:





Operating Levels, general

Primary informations have to be made before taking the instrument into operation.

There are three different levels:

CONFIGURATION LEVEL:

This has to be programmed at first (device depentend parameters):

- Only TC- or RTD-connection for all zones? Or: Mixed connection ?
- Alarm configuration (valid for all zones)

This has to be programmed at second (zone dependend parameters):

- Controller type (for each zone)

- Input type (sensor type), sensor range (for each zone)

- Min. and max. setpoint range (for each zone)

PARAMETER LEVEL:

The controller (PID)- parameters have to be set here.

OPERATING LEVEL:

- Actual temperature value (read-only),
- setpoint,
- setpoint ramps,
- alarm values,
- heater current value (read-only).



Configuration level, Parameter list

Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value		
P - tc	Sensor mix	2115	0	only Thermocoupüle (TZ) co	nnection
	(Pt100, RTD /		1	Zones 1- 2: Pt100	- others : TC
	Thermocouple-Mix)		2	Zones 1- 4: Pt100	- others : TC
			3	Zones 1- 6: Pt100	- others : TC
			4	Zones 1- 8: Pt100	- others : TC
			5	Zones 1- 10: Pt100	- others : TC
			6	Zones 1- 12: Pt100	- others : TC
			7	Zones 1- 14: Pt100	- others : TC
			8	only Pt100 (RTD) connection	

ALARM MONITORING FUNCTION:

There are 2 alarm relays built in.

It is possible to configure this contacts either to monitor a temperature or to monitor the heater-current.

The selected configuration is effective for all control zones.

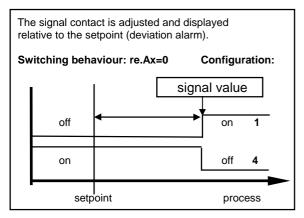
The individual temperature or heater current alarms A1 (or A2) of all zones are connected to the main, common contact A1 (or A2).

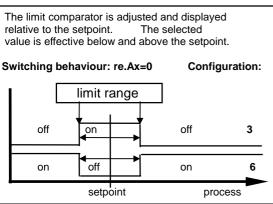
Please note:

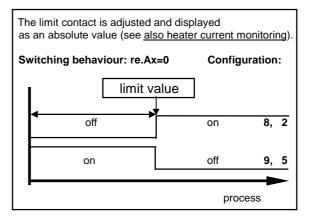
In case of sensor error the alarms will react in the same way as range override. The alarm contacts therefore do not offer protection against all types of plant breakdown. With this in mind, we recommend the use of a second, independent monitor unit. Care should be used to ensure, that the setpoints of the alarm contacts are programmed within the selected measuring range. If a setpoint ramp has been programmed, the alarms that are relative to the setpoint (signal contact, limit comparator) are following the setpoint up the ramp.

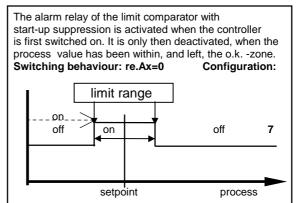


Co.A1 Alarm 1-Configuration (switches relay A1) Co.A1	Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value	Adjus	tment range		
(switches relay A1) 1	Co A1	Alarm 1-Configuration	2508	0	alarm	OFF no alarm signalisation		(ex works)
2 limit contact, process value depentend: off-on-off signal contact: on-off	00 .A1		2000				off-on	(CX WOINS)
Second Comparation		(emissios rolay / rr)			_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		off-on
A signal contact:				3				
Solution							on-off	
Co.A2 Alarm 2-Configuration (switches relay A2) 2518 0 alarm OFF, no alarm signalisation (ex works) 1 signal contact, setpoint depentend: off-on-off 1 signal contact; on-off 2 limit comparator: on-off 1 signal contact; on-off 2 limit contact: on-off 3 limit comparator: off-on-off 3 limit comparator: off-on-off 4 signal contact: on-off 5 limit comparator: on-off 0 on-of							on-off	
Relay A1 Switching behaviour Service S					limit c	comparator:	on-off-on	1
Co.A2 Alarm 2-Configuration (switches relay A2) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (structed) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (structed) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (structed) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (structed) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (structed) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Ala				7	limit c	comp. with start-up suppression	n: off-on-of	f
Co.A2 Alarm 2-Configuration (switches relay A2) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (switches) Alarm 2-Configuration (swworks) Alarm 2-Configuration (sworks) Alarm 2-Configuration (sworks) Alarm 2-Configuration (sworks) Alarm 2-Configuration (sworks) Alarm 2-Configuration (smort) Alarm 2-Configuration (sworks) Alarm 2-Configuration (smort) Alarm 2-Confi				8	heate	er current monitoring; limit c	ontact: off	-on
(switches relay A2) 1 signal contact, setpoint depentend: off-on 2 limit contact, process value depentend: off-on 3 limit comparator: off-on-off 4 signal contact: on-off 5 limit comparator: on-off 6 limit comparator: on-off-on 7 limit comparator: on-off-on 8 heater current monitoring; limit contact: off-on 9 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off 8 heater current monitoring; limit contact: off-on 9 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off 7 limit comparator: on-off 8 heater current monitoring; limit contact: off-on 9 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off 1 inv on: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "activated" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "activated" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works)				9	heate	er current monitoring; limit c	ontact: on	-off
2 limit contact, process value depentend: off-on 3 limit comparator: off-on-off 4 signal contact: on-off 5 limit comparator: on-off 6 limit comparator: on-off 6 limit comparator: on-off 7 limit comparator: on-off 7 limit comparator: on-off 8 heater current monitoring; limit contact: off-on 9 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off 8 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off 9 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off 1 inv on: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A1 "not active" 1 inv on: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 inv on: Relay A2 "not active" 1 inv	Co.A2	Alarm 2-Configuration	2518	0	alarm	OFF, no alarm signalisation		(ex works)
rE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour 2509 O = dir on: Relay A1 "activated" on: Relay A1 "activated" off: Relay A1 "activated" off: Relay A1 "activated" TE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour Relay A2 switching behaviour Summary off: Relay A2 switching behaviour Summary off: Relay A2 switching behaviour Summary off: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" Relay A2 "activated" Summary off: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" O = dir Relay A2 "activated" O = dir Relay A2 "activated" Off: Relay A2 "activated" Off: Relay A2 "not active" Off: Relay A2 "not active"		(switches relay A2)			signal	contact, setpoint depentend:	off-on	
## Signal contact: on-off 5 limit contact: on-off 6 limit comparator: on-off 6 limit comparator: on-off-on 7 limit comp. with start-up suppression: off-on-off 8 heater current monitoring; limit contact: off-on 9 heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off ### Precision of the contact of the contact of the contact on on: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) 1 = inv on: Relay A1 "not active" (ex works) off: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "not a				2	limit c	contact, process value depente		
FE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour TE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour Selay A2 suctivated (ex works)					limit c	comparator:	off-on-off	f
FE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour Relay A2 switching behaviour Care A3 limit comparator: On-off-on limit comp. With start-up suppression: off-on-off heater current monitoring; limit contact: off-on heater current monitoring; limit contact: on-off								
TE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour TE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A3 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A4 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A5 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A6 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A7 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A8 Relay A2 switching behaviour TE.A9 Relay A2 switching behaviour								
rE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour rE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour						•		
rE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour rE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A3 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A4 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A5 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A6 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A7 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A8 Relay A2 switching behaviour PE.A9 Relay A2 switching behaviour								
rE.A1 Relay A1 switching behaviour rE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour Relay A2 switching behaviour relay A2 switching behaviour Description: Description: O = dir on: Relay A1 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A1 "not active" off: Relay A1 "activated" O = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" (ex works) off: Relay A2 "not active" off: Relay A2 "not active" on: Relay A2 "not active"								
switching behaviour 1 = inv off: Relay A1 "not active" on: Relay A1 "not active" off: Relay A1 "activated" rE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour 2519 0 = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"				9	heate	er current monitoring; limit c	ontact: on	-off
switching behaviour 1 = inv off: Relay A1 "not active" on: Relay A1 "not active" off: Relay A1 "activated" rE.A2 Relay A2 switching behaviour 2519 0 = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"	rF Δ1	Relay A1	2509	0 – dir	on:	Relay A1 "activated"		(ex works)
rE.A2 Relay A2 2519 0 = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" respectively a switching behaviour 1 = inv on: Relay A1 "not active" Relay A1 "activated" on: Relay A2 "activated" off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"	I E.A.I	-	2303	0 = dii		•		(CX WOTKS)
rE.A2 Relay A2 2519 0 = dir on: Relay A2 "activated" (ex works) switching behaviour 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"		Switching behaviour		1 – inv				
switching behaviour off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"				1 – 1110		•		
switching behaviour off: Relay A2 "not active" 1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"	rE.A2	Relav A2	2519	0 = dir	on:	Relay A2 "activated"		(ex works)
1 = inv on: Relay A2 "not active"	—	•		- 		•		(======)
•		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 = inv		•		









Heater current monitoring (option)

The following parameters are only relevant, if the heater current monitoring system is activated as descriped below:

Heater current monitoring via relay A1: Program parameter Co.A1 to number 8 or 9
Heater current monitoring via relay A2: Program parameter Co.A2 to number 8 or 9

The heater current to be monitored, has to be programed as an absolute value into the operating

level for both relays A1 and A2. See Parameter: "A1" or "A2".

Please note:

If the supply voltage is low, the heater current has to be higher than the monitoring value. Otherwise the alarm signal will be activated.

If the heater current value falls below the monitoring value, an alarm signal (the relay switches) will be activated.

With the help of the parameter "dL.A1" or "dL.A2" it is possible to program a delay time.

If you do so, it is virtually impossible to get an unauthorized alarm signal.

When switching the power-on, the alarm signalisation will be suppressed until the heating current values for all zones has been scanned and verified.

The monitoring function and all possible adjustments are valid for all connected heating zones.

Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value	
dL.A1	delay time, relay A1 (monitoring via relay A1)	250A	0,1,2,3,4,5	5 steps adjustable (in sec.) 0 = no delay time The delay time depends of the current detection intervall time and the number of the active controller zones. It will be calculated as follows. dL=ZnxCu.CYxS (S = 0,1,2,3,4 or 5)
dL.A2	delay time, relay A2 (monitoring via relay A2)	251A	0,1,2,3,4,5	5 steps adjustable (in sec.) 0 = no delay time The delay time depends of the current detection intervall time and the number of the active controller zones. It will be calculated as follows. dL=ZnxCu.CYxS (S = 0,1,2,3,4 or 5)
Cu.CY	Current detection intervall	2403	1 60 sec.	Time between the current measuring of two zones following each other.
C x.x	Min. leakage current value	2402	OFF; 0,099,9 A	Adjustment of the allowed min. leakage current value. In operation the min. leakage current value will be subtracted from the measured actual current value to calculate the real heater current value. If a permanent current is detected in one zone, the alarm relay will be activated. Please note: SSR's (especially if they are combined with RC-combinations) normally have small leakage currents. Heaters also have small leakage currents.
С	Leakage current	2401	0,099,9 A	Actual Leakage current (sum), if no SSR is switched on.



Parameter	level.	Parameter	list
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Individual selectable for zones 1 \dots 16

Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value		
ZonE	Zone on / off	6422	0	Controller zone: on	(ex works)
			1	Controller zone: off	
ConF	Controller configuration	2423	0	2-point controller on-off: "h	eating" (ex works)
	•		1		ooling"
			2		ooling", with non-linear cooling
			3		or only. No controller function.
SEn	Sensor and	2110	0	Pt 100, 0,0 99,9	°C
SEII		2110	0		
	measuring range selection		1		PF C
	Selection		2		F
			4		
			5		C (ex works)
			6		C
			O	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
				or: if thermocouple connection	on is selected
			0	T/C Fe-CuNi (L),) 400 °C
			1		2 752 °F
			2		0 800 °C
			2	T/C Fe-CuNi (J),	0 800 °C
			4) 999 °C

If the Sensor selection is changed, the following parameters will be set as follows and need to be readjusted:

Setpoint 1, setpoint 2: SP.Lo Process value offset: OFF

Lower setpoint limitation: Bottom range end; Higher setpoint limitation: OFF; Alarm values: OFF;

OFF



Softstart-function

General function:

During the softstart the controllers' heating output response is limited to a pre-selected ratio, in order to achieve a slow baking out of high performance heat cartridges.

Simultaneously the output clock frequency is quadrupled. Once the process value reaches the softstart setpoint, it remains stable at this value for a pre-selcted hold-duration time.

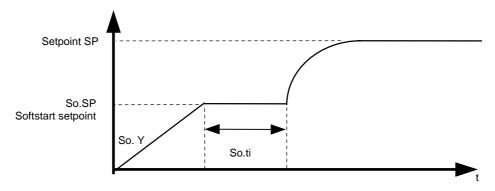
At the end of this period the process value rises to the valid setpoint.

This results in a slower, more regular heating period.

For this purpose the bistable voltage output must be taken, that actuates SSR relays. If the softstart is active, the controllers' autotune function can't operated (Er.OP). If a setpoint-ramp has been programmed, the softstart has priority, and the ramp will only become active after the softstart has been completed.

- The softstart only works, if the parameter $_{,1}$ P" (prop. band, xp) is programmed > 0,1%. if the actual process value is lower than So.SP 5% of the selected measuring range.

It is possible, to select this function for each zone separatly.



Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value	
So.St	Softstart-function	2700	0	Softstart not active (ex works) Next parameter So.Y, So.SP, So.ti are not shown.
			1	Softstart in action. The softstart function always runs, if the controller is switched on and / or if the actual temperature is below the softstart setpoint So.SP minus 5% of the range (e.g. range: 400^C -> 5%= 20°C).
So. Y	Softstart output ratio	2701	10 100%	
So.SP	Softstart setpoint	2702	range: SP.Lo	SP.Hi
So.ti	Softstart duration time	2703	0 (=OFF); 0,1	9,9 min.



Mnemonic Parameter-CAN-Parameter-Adjustment range Index / HEX description value

It is possible, to select this function for each zone separatly.

100%.

Hand **Output ratio** 2421 0 = OFF(ex works)

preselection 1 = Auto (Controller mode)

2 = Manual

Setting: OFF Function not active

Setting: Auto

In event of sensor break the controller automatically maintains the last valid output ratio as the actuating signal.

This ratio can be manually altered in steps of 1%.

Under the following circumstances, the output ratio will be 0%:

if the output ratio at time of the sensor break was

if the controller is working along a setpoint-ramp.

if the control deviation was more than 0,25% of the total range at the time of sensor break.

if th prop. band (P; xp) = 0.

if the soft start was active at the time of the sensor break.

A few seconds after the sensor break has been rectified, the controller returns to automatic operation and calculates the required output ratio.

An additional signal can be issued in the event of sensor break, if the alarm contacts are programmed accordingly.

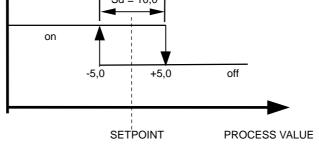
<u>Setting: Man</u>
The controller now operates only as an actuator. Within the operation level, a manual output ratio (Index 7412) can be entered.

There is no further controlling action.

0...100% Manual output ratio 6412



Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value	Adjustment range
Y	valid output ratio	6410	-100100 %	The output ratio shows the momentary calculated ratio. Read-only parameter. Output ratio for cooling is shown as a negative value.
1Y.Hi	output ratio limit	6414	0100 %	(ex works: 100) Limitation of the output ratio is only necessary when: the heating or cooling energy supply is grossly over- dimensioned compared to the power required, or to turn off a control output (setting = 0%). Under normal circumstances no limitation is needed (setting = 0%). The limitation becomes effective, when the controllers' calculated output ratio is greater than the maximum permissible (limited) ratio. Warning! The output ratio limitation does not work during autotune.
1 P	Xp, propband (P)	7450	OFF; 0,1100	,0 % (OFF=0) (ex works: 3,0) If " 1 P " = OFF (control action: on-off, without feedback) next parameter: " 1 sd ".
1 I	Tn, reset (I)	7452	OFF; 11000	secs (OFF=0) (ex works: 150)
1 d	Tv, rate (D)	7454	OFF; 1200 s	ecs (OFF=0) (ex works: 30)
				Normally the controller works using PD/I control action. This means, controlling without deviation and with practically no overshoot during start-up. The control action can be altered in its structure by making the following adjustments to the parameters: a. no control action, on-off (setting $P = OFF$) b. P-action (setting $P = OFF$) b. P-action (setting $P = OFF$) c. PD-action (setting $P = OFF$) d. PI-action (setting $P = OFF$) modified PID-action
1 C	cycle time	7456	0,5240,0 sec	The switching frequency of the actuator can be determined by adjusting the cycle time. This is the total time needed for the controller to switch on and off once. Bistable voltage outputs: cycle time 0,510 secs
1 Sd	Control sensivity	2600	OFF; 0,180,0	Only if: 1 P = Xp = OFF (On-off action, without feedback) °C (OFF=0) (ex works: 0,1)
			on -5,	Sd = 10,0 0 +5,0 off



description	Index / HEX	value

Parameter-

the valid feedback parameters (P,D,I) and the cycle time (C = 0.3 x D) of a PD/I-controller for a wide section of the range.

OFF

on

self tuning out of action

self tuning active (one time) (autotune)

0

The self tuning activates during start-up shortly before the setpoint is reached. The setpoint must amount to the least 5% of the total range.

CAN-

6424

If activated after the setpoint has already been reached, the temperature will first drop by approx. 5% of the total range, in order to detect the exact amplification of the process.

The tuning algorithm determines the characteristic values within the controlled process, and calculates

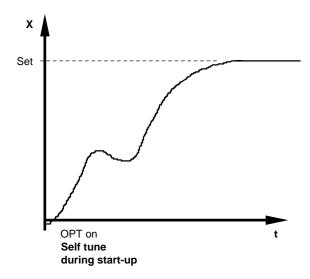
The tuning algorithm can be activated at any time.

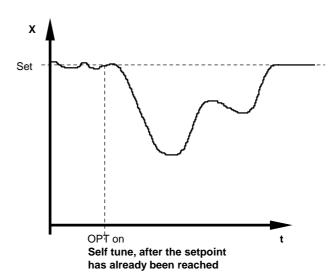
Mnemonic Parameter-

self tuning

OPt

After having calculated the correct feedback parameters, the controller will lead the process value to the setpoint.





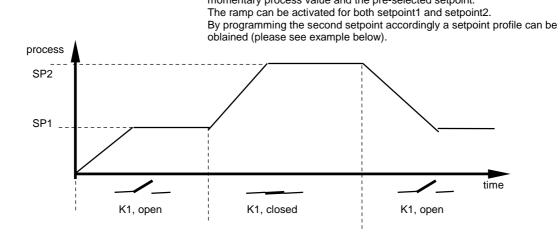


Operating level, Pa	rameter list
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(individual selectable for zones 1 ... 16)

Mnemonic	Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value	
°C/°F	Process temperature actual value	7400	Read-only parameter	
OFSt	process value offset	7124	- the correction of a grad the sensor tip, - the line resistance bala - correction of the contro If for example the offset temperature measured by	(ex works: OFF=0) concorrect the input signal, e.g. for: dient between the measuring point and encing of 2-line RTD (Pt100) sensors of devition when using P- or PD-action. value is set to +5°C, then the real by the sensor (when process is an the setpoint and the monitored

SPact.	Setpoint, actual	7401	Read-only parameter	
SP1	Setpoint 1 (main setpoint)	7402	SP.LoSP.Hi	(ex works: 0)
SP2	Setpoint 2	7403	In order to change the va	(ex works: OFF=0) when the external contact K1 is closed. lue the parameter SP2 has to be se- is still valid, if the contact K1 is
closed.			iecteu. SF2=OFF. SF1	is suii vaiiu, ii the contact KT is
SPH	Higher setpoint limitation	7405	SP.Lo top end of measuring range	
SPL	Lower setpoint limitation	7404	SP.Ho bottom end of measuring range	
SP	rising ramp	2408	OFF; 0,1100,0 °C/min. or °F/min.	(ex works: OFF=0)
SP	falling ramp	2409	OFF; 0,1100,0 °C/min. or °F/min. A programmed ramp is always activated the mains supply is switched on. The ram momentary process value and the pre-se	op constructs itself out of the lected setpoint.





Mnemon	ic Parameter- description	CAN- Index / HEX	Parameter- value	Adjustment range
A1	Alarm value 1, switching point (switches relay A1)	750A	OFF; -999 OFF; -99,9 OFF; 0	,
			OFF: 0,099	or Heater current monitoring: alarm value adjustment Limit contact .9 A (ex works: OFF=0)
			OFF. 0,098	,9 A (ex works. Off=0)
A2	Alarm value 2, switching point (switches relay A2)	751A	OFF; -999 OFF; -99,9 OFF; 0	
				or Heater current monitoring: alarm value adjustment
				Limit contact ,9 A (ex works: OFF=0)
			transformers	adjustment is dependant on the sensor, the connected current and the alarm configuration. be set in the configuration level.
Cur	Heater current, actual value	2400	0,099,9 A	Read-only parameter Indication of the actaul heater current.

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Technical Data

Input RTD, Pt 100 (DIN): 2 - or 3 - wire connection possible.

Built-in protection against sensor breakage and short circuit. Max. permissible line resistance by 3-wire connection: 80 Ohms

Sensor current: $\leq 1 \text{ mA}$ Calibration accuracy: $\leq 0.2 \%$ Linear error: $\leq 0.2 \%$

Influence of the ambient temperature: < 0,01 % / K

Input Thermocouple: Built-in internal compensation point and protection against sensor breakage

and incorrect polarity.

Re-calibration not required for a line resistance of up to 50 Ohms.

Calibration accuracy: $\leq 0.25\%$

Setpoint selection: Ext. potential-free contact, switching voltage appr. 24 V DC, max. 1 mA.

Selection between SP1 and SP2 valid for all zones.

Control outputs OUT 1 ... OUT 16: Bist. voltage signal, 0/18 V dc, max. 10 mA, short-circuit proof or

Alarm outputs A1 and A2: Relay, max. 250 VAC, max. 3 A (cos-phi = 1)

Ser. Interface: CANopen Device profile DS-404

or DeviceNet protocoll

or RS485 with ELOTECH-Standard protocoll

Data protection: EAROM

CE - Mark: Tested according to 89 / 336 / EWG

EN 50081-2, EN 50082-2

Power supply: - 230 V AC, ± 10 %, 48...62 Hz. Appr. 7VA.

24 V DC, +/-20%. Appr. 7W

Connections: Screw terminals, Protection mode IP 20 (DIN 40050), Insulation class C

Permissible operating conditions: Operating temperature: 0...50 °C / 32...122 °F

Storage temperature: -30...70 °C / -22...158 °F

Climate class: KWF DIN 40040;

equivalent to annual average max. 75 % rel. humidity, no condensation

Casing; Controller unit: Fabr. Phoenix: CE; B=125mm, H= 105mm, D=125mm

For DIN-rail mounting (35mm symetric, EN 50 022) Material: Polycarbonat (PC); Protection: IP 20 (DIN 40050)

Heater current monitoring:

Current transformer 1:1000:

Passive through current transformer with snap-in attachment for DIN rail

mounting (EN 50022, 35mm).

Connections to the controller: 2 x 6,3mm flat connectors.

Heater current detection and

indication range:

(Type M2000)

0...max. 60,0A. Single-phase operation.

0...max. 99,9 A. Three-phase operation.

The sum of the current of all three phases of one controller zone will be monitored.

Variations of the power supply voltage have to be considered when the

the alarm values are programmed.

Current detection interval time programmable (1...60 sec.).

This is the time between the measuring of two successive controller zones.

Alarm delay time programmable. It depends upon the current detection interval time and the number of the

connected temperature zones (min. 8 sec.).

Subject to technical improvments!

Installation Instructions

Make certain that the devices described here are used only for the intended purpose.

They are intended for installation in control panels.

The instrument must be installed so, that it is protected against impermissible humidity and severe contamination. In addition, make sure that the permitted ambient temperature is not exceeded.

The electrical connections must be made according to the relevant locally applicable regulations.

If using a thermocouple sensor, the compensation cables must be laid directly to the controller terminals. Transducers must be connected only in compliance with the programmed range.

Transducer cables and signal lines (e.g. logic or linear voltage outputs) must be laid physically separated from control lines and mains voltage supply cables (power cables).

To be in compliance with the CE-regulations, for sensor signals lines it is necessary to use shielded wires.

Spatial separation between controller and inductive loads is recommneded.

Interference from contactor coils must be suppressed by connecting adapted RC-combinations parallel to the coils. Control circuits (e.g. for contactors) should not be connected to the mains power supply terminals of the controller.

IMPORTANT:

Before operation, the unit must be configurated for its intended purpose

(e.g. controller type, sensor type and range, alarm adjustment etc.)

